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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTI	RICT OF CALIFORNIA
10		
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:21-MJ-00057-SAB
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT;
13	v.	FINDINGS AND ORDER
14	SHERRY RENEE KINCADE,	DATE: July 14, 2021
15	Defendant.	TIME: 2:00 p.m. COURT: Hon. Erica P. Grosjean
16		
17	BACKGROUND	
18	This case is set for status conference on July 14, 2021. On May 13, 2020, this Court issued	
19	General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California "until further	
20	notice." Under General Order 618, a judge "may exercise his or her authority to continue matters,	
21	excluding time under the Speedy Trial Act with reference to the court's prior General Order 611 issued	
22	on March 17, 2020 with additional findings to support the exclusion in the Judge's discretion."	
23	General Order 618, ¶ 6 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). In addition, any judge "may order case-by-case	
24	exceptions" to General Order 618's provisions "at the discretion of that Judge or upon the request of	
25	counsel, after consultation with counsel and the C	Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order will
26	impact court staff and operations." General Orde	er 618, $\P$ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020). This and previous
27	General Orders were entered to address public he	ealth concerns related to COVID-19.
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Although the General Orders address the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has

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emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. Moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, and 618 require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Orders exclude delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption created "appreciable difficulty" for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-69; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency).

The coronavirus poses a similar, albeit more enduring, "appreciable difficulty" to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules. Recently, the Ninth Circuit enumerated a "non-exhaustive" list of seven factors it found to be "relevant" in considering ends-of-justice Speedy Trial Act continuances "in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic." *United States v. Olsen*, --- F.3d ---, 2021 WL 1589359 at \*7 (9th Cir. Apr. 23, 2021). That non-exhaustive list includes: (1) whether a defendant is

detained pending trial; (2) how long a defendant has been detained; (3) whether a defendant has invoked
speedy trial rights since the case's inception; (4) whether a defendant, if detained, belongs to a
population that is particularly susceptible to complications if infected with the virus; (5) the seriousness
of the charges a defendant faces, and in particular whether the defendant is accused of violent crimes;
(6) whether there is a reason to suspect recidivism if the charges against the defendant are dismissed;
and (7) whether the district court has the ability to safely conduct a trial. <i>Id</i> .

In light of the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). If continued, this Court should designate a new date for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

### **STIPULATION**

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status conference on July 14, 2021.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the status conference until July 28, 2021, at 2:00 pm before the duty magistrate and to exclude time between July 14, 2021, and July 28, 2021, under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(1)(E) and (7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].
  - 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
  - a) This matter concerns an out-of-district indictment from the Eastern District of Virginia. The government has indicated that it would be amenable to a Rule 20 transfer from the Eastern District of Virginia to the Eastern District of California.
  - b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to consult with her client, review the current charges, and to discuss a potential Rule 20 transfer of this case from the Eastern District of Virginia to the Eastern District of California.
  - c) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.

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1	d) The government does not object to the continuance.		
2	e) In addition to the public health concerns cited by the General Orders and		
3	presented by the evolving COVID-19 pandemic, an ends-of-justice delay is particularly apt in		
4	this case because the defendant is not currently detained and has not invoked her speedy trial		
5	rights. Additionally, any trial in this matter will require witnesses to travel from out of state to		
6	the Eastern District of California.		
7	f) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the		
8	case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the		
9	original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.		
10	g) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161		
11	et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of July 14, 2021 to July 28, 2021,		
12	inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(1)(E) and (7)(A), B(iv) [Local		
13	Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on		
14	the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the		
15	best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.		
16	4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the		
17	Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial		
18	must commence.		
19	IT IS SO STIPULATED.		
20			
21	Dated: July 28, 2021 PHILLIP A. TALBERT		
22	Acting United States Attorney		
23	/s/ JESSICA A. MASSEY		
24	JESSICA A. MASSEY Assistant United States Attorney		
25	Assistant Office States Attorney		
26	Dated: July 28, 2021 /s/ MEGHAN MCLOUGHLIN		
27	MEGHAN MCLOUGHLIN		
28	Counsel for Defendant SHERRY RENEE KINCADE		
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1	FINDINGS AND ORDER
2	Pursuant to the terms of this stipulation, the Court continues the status conference until July 28,
3	2021, at 2:00 pm before the duty magistrate and excludes time between July 14, 2021, and July 28,
4	2021, under 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(1)(E) and (7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4].
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6	IT IS SO ORDERED.
7	Dated: July 12, 2021 /s/ Encir P. Gross
8	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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